

# Business tendency in manufacturing, construction, trade and services – June 2021 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency – assessment and expectations (Annex)



In most of presented kinds of activities general business climate indicator in June is at a higher level than in the previous month. In the majority of researched areas improvement of "diagnostic" and "forecast" components has been reported (most significantly in accommodation and food service activities section).

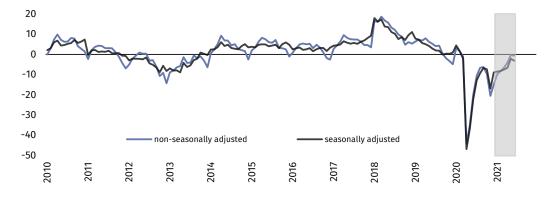
The most positive<sup>1</sup> indicator is noted by information and communication section, whereas the

most pessimistic one by construction section.

In the current month – answers provided between 1 and 10 June – supplementary set of questions has been added to the survey. This particular set aims to additionally diagnose the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency (results in Annex).

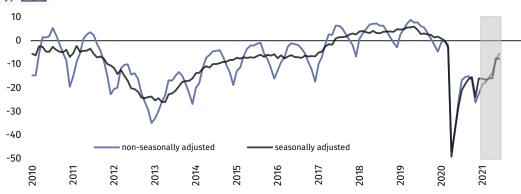
#### Manufacturing (graph 1)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 0.6 and it is similar to the one reported in May (minus 0.3).



### **Construction (graph 2)**

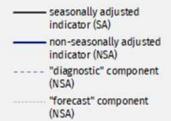
In June general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 5.5 – higher than the one reported in the previous month (minus 8.4).

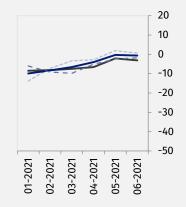


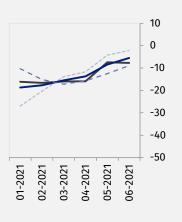
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> By the phrase "positive" (positive value of the indicator) we consider a situation when percentage of entrepreneurs expecting improvement of their entities' economic situation in the next three months or observing such an improvement outweighs percentage of entrepreneurs expecting its deterioration.

#### 22.06.2021

General business climate indicator and its components in the last six months



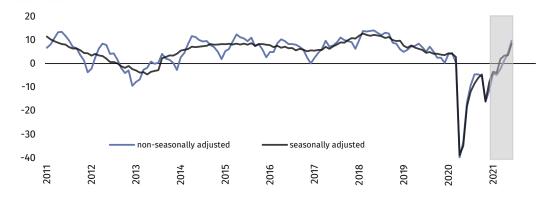


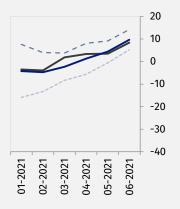




# Wholesale trade (graph 3)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value plus 9.7 – higher than the one reported in May (plus 4.4).

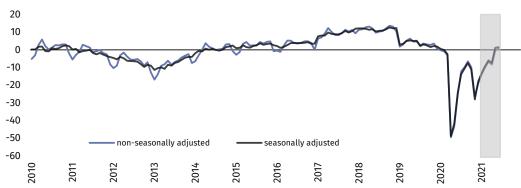


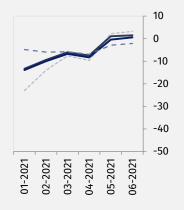


## Retail trade (graph 4)



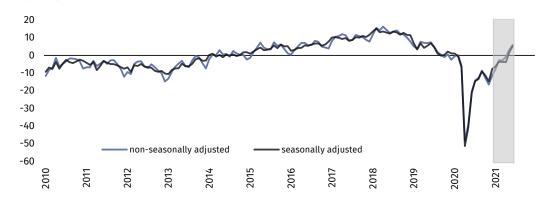
In June general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value plus 0.6 and it is higher than in May (minus 0.4).

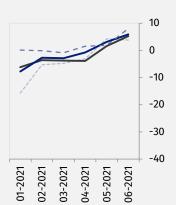




### **Transportation and storage (graph 5)**

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value plus 5.9 and it is higher than the one reported in May (plus 3.1).

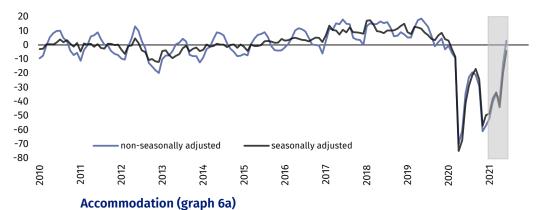


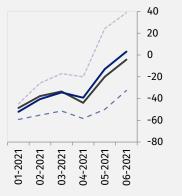


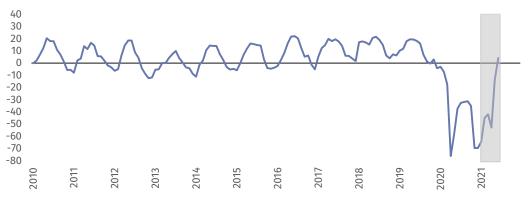
# Accommodation and food service activities (graph 6)

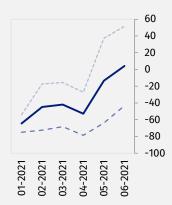


In June general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value plus 3.1 versus minus 12.9 in May. Entities operating in accommodation assess business tendency slightly more optimistically (plus 4.2) than the ones of food service activities (plus 2.7).



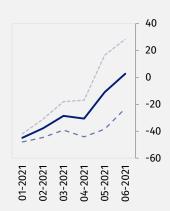








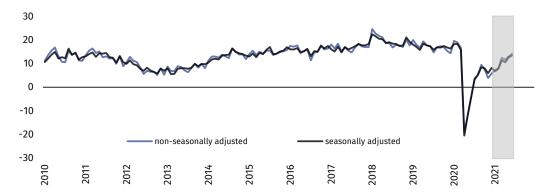


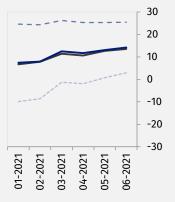




# Information and communication (graph 7)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the positive value (plus 14.2) and it is similar to the one reported in May (plus 13.0).



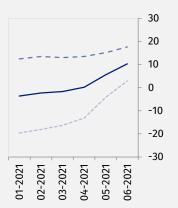




# Financial and insurance activities (graph 8)2

In June general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value plus 10.3 versus plus 5.6 in May.





 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Time series does not require to be seasonally adjusted. Non-seasonally adjusted data can be analyzed and interpreted in the same way as seasonally adjusted data.

Table 1. Business climate indicators by kind of activity

SPECIFICATION		Analogous month of the previ- ous year	Previous month	Current month	Long-term average
Manufacturing	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-22,3	-2,1	-3,1	2,8
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-19,9	-0,3	-0,6	2,8
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-24,2	-2,5	-1,8	-1,1
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-15,5	1,9	0,6	6,8
Construction	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-28,2	-7,4	-7,7	-2,3
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-25,9	-8,4	-5,5	-2,2
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-21,9	-12,5	-8,9	-5,9
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-29,8	-4,2	-2,1	1,4
Wholesale trade	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-18,2	3,5	8,4	4,2
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-16,5	4,4	9,7	4,2
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-11,6	9,2	14,2	9,0
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-21,4	-0,5	5,2	-0,6
Retail trade	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-24,2	1,1	1,5	-4,1
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-25,1	-0,4	0,6	-4,1
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-27,1	-2,9	-2,1	-3,8
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-23,1	2,2	3,2	-4,5
Transportation and storage	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-21,1	1,6	5,2	-0,3
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-20,4	3,1	5,9	-0,3
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-22,7	1,9	8,0	0,5
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-18,0	4,2	3,8	-1,1
Accommodation and food service activities	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-41,1 -19,9		-4,2	0,3
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-34,0	-12,9	3,1	0,3
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-66,1	-50,0	-32,6	-2,0
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-1,8	24,3	38,8	2,6
Information and communication	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-4,6	12,7	13,5	18,8
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-4,3	13,0	14,2	18,9
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	11,1	25,3	25,4	25,9
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-19,6	0,7	2,9	11,8
Financial and insurance activities	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) <sup>3</sup>				
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-7,9	5,6	10,3	27,1
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	15,4	15,2	17,7	33,5
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-31,2	-4,1	2,9	20,8

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Time series does not require to be seasonally adjusted. Non-seasonally adjusted data can be analyzed and interpreted in the same way as seasonally adjusted data.

## Annex

# Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency - assessments and expectations

Survey was conducted between 1 and 10 June 2021 on a sample of entities operating in manufacturing, construction, trade as well as services. As opposed to regular part of surveys, answers to additional set of questions were provided voluntarily. In questions 1, 4 and 5 percent of respondents' answers to a given variant is presented. In other questions it is average of values given. Data were aggregated according to methodology of aggregation (weighing) which is used by default in reg-

Table 2. Survey data on impac	t of COVID-	-19 panden	nic on bus	siness tend	dency	
Questions	Manufac- turing	Construc-	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Transportation and storage	Accommodation and food service activities
1. Negative effects of coronavirus pan	demic and its	impact on you	r business a	ctivity in the o	current month will	be:
lack of negative effects	15,2	19,9	11,9	5,5	5,4	1,0
minor	62,6	59,0	65,4	54,5	57,3	39,6
serious	18,7	13,6	18,2	32,5	22,6	28,1
a threat to company's stability	3,5	7,5	4,5	7,5	14,7	31,3
sum	3,3	7,5	7,5	7,5	17,7	31,3
(lack of negative effects + minor)	77,8	78,9	77,3	60,0	62,7	40,6
sum (serious + a threat to company's stability)	22,2	21,1	22,7	40,0	37,3	59,4
Please, estimate what is the percen law agreement, self-employed, into situations:						
remote work and similar forms of work	6,2	5,1	20,4	8,4	11,8	2,5
unplanned absence due to holidays, child- care, looking after family member etc.	3,0	4,3	3,8	3,5	4,6	6,4
absence of employees resulting from quarantine or other restrictions	1,6	3,4	1,6	2,5	2,6	5,6
3. What will be in the current month at semi-finished products, raw materi Regardless of the reason for change [%]	als, goods or s	services etc.?	_	-		0,1
4. If the current measures as well as re tions of other countries, e.g. in the questionnaire persisted for a prolo	field of borde	r traffic) to cor	nbat corona	virus function	ing at the time of	
less than a month	1,5	3,6	1,6	1,6	2,6	8,9
circa 1 month	5,3	8,0	3,9	4,2	4,1	6,9
2 – 3 months	18,1	22,4	12,7	12,4	17,4	38,9
4 – 6 months	17,3	20,6	18,5	27,8	16,1	24,8
more than 6 months	57,8	45,4	63,3	54,0	59,8	20,5
5. Out of negative effects of the coror relate to your company the most:	avirus pandei	mic reported i	ı the last thr	ee months (M	larch, April, May),	which of them
drop in sales – drop in revenues	30,8	24,6	39,6	55,3	49,0	63,7
increase in costs	59,0	68,7	41,2	38,9	41,4	35,5
disruption in supply chain	48,8	34,2	39,6	23,5	20,1	0,0
large organisational disturbances in company's functioning	6,1	11,3	7,1	16,4	12,1	30,8
limitation of business activity ("shutting down" activity)	3,1	3,3	7,1	13,0	9,2	65,4
lack of employees (quarantine, illness, carer's leave)	28,8	27,1	15,1	26,6	31,6	31,7
problems with current financing	7,8	16,7	14	12,4	11,1	40,9
surplus stocks	7,4	2,7		13,6	0,4	0,0
6. What will be in the current month a reference to the previous month?						
change [%]	0,2	0,0	-0,1	-0,4	-0,6	6,4

In the case of quoting data from the Statistics Poland, please provide information: "Statistics Poland data source", and in the case of publishing calculations made on data published by the Statistics Poland, please provide information: "Own study based on Statistics Poland data".

Prepared by:

Macroeconomic Studies and Finance Statistics Department

Director Mirosław Błażej

Office: tel. (+48 22) 608 37 73

Issued by:

The Spokesperson for the President of Statistics Poland Karolina Banaszek

Mobile: (+48) 695 255 011



www.stat.gov.pl/en/



@StatPoland



@GlownyUrzadStatystyczny

#### **Press Office**

Office: tel. (+48 22) 608 34 91, 608 38 04

e-mail: obslugaprasowa@stat.gov.pl

### **Related information**

Business tendency in manufacturing, construction, trade and services

### Data available in databases

Knowledge Database Business Tendency

Macroeconomic Data Bank

# Terms used in official statistics

**Business tendency** 



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