Gross Domestic Product in the 1st quarter of 2017 Preliminary estimate

In the 1st quarter of 2017 seasonally adjusted gross domestic product (GDP) (constant prices, reference year 2010) was higher by 1.1 % than in the previous quarter and 4.2 % higher than in the 1st quarter of the previous year.

Seasonally unadjusted GDP (constant average prices of the previous year) was higher by **4.0**% than in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. The result presented has not been changed compared to the GDP flash estimate for the 1st quarter of 2017, released on 16 May 2017.

Seasonally adjusted GDP; constant prices, reference year 2010

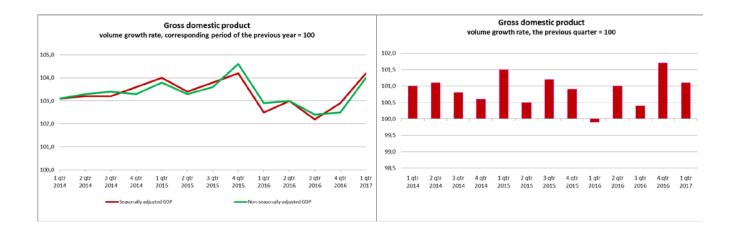
	20	14		2015					2017			
1 qtr	2 qtr	3 qtr	4 qtr	1 qtr	2 qtr	3 qtr	4 qtr	1 qtr	2 qtr	3 qtr	4 qtr	1 qtr
Change (%) to the previous quarter												
+1.0	+1.1	+0.8	+0.6	+1.5	+0.5	+1.2	+0.9	-0.1	+1.0	+0.4	+1.7	+1.1*
Change (%) to the corresponding quarter of the previous year												
+3.1	+3.2	+3.2	+3.6	+4.0	+3.4	+3.8	+4.2	+2.5	+3.0	+2.2	+2.9	+4.2*

Seasonally unadjusted GDP; constant average prices of the previous year

2014				2015					2017			
1 qtr	2 qtr	3 qtr	4 qtr	1 qtr	2 qtr	3 qtr	4 qtr	1 qtr	2 qtr	3 qtr	4 qtr	1 qtr
Change (%) to the corresponding quarter of the previous year												
+3.1	+3.3	+3.4	+3.3	+3.8	+3.3	+3.6	+4.6	+2.9	+3.0	+2.4	+2.5	+4.0

^{*}Data has been changed in relation to published on May 16, 2017

In the 1st quarter of 2017 the growth of domestic uses was 4.1 % year-on-year comparison and it was higher than in the 4th quarter of 2016 (the growth of 1.7%). It resulted from the higher than in the 4th quarter 2016 increase in final consumption expenditure which was 3.9% (against 3.1%) and the increase in gross capital formation by 5.2% (the decrease in the 4th guarter of 2016 was 1.6%). Consumption expenditure in the households sector rose by 4.7% than a year earlier and it was higher than in the 4th quarter of 2016 (the growth of 4.5%). The growth of gross capital formation in the 1st quarter of 2017 resulted from the growth of changes in inventories with, smaller than in previous quarters, the decrease in gross fixed capital formation by 0.4 %. On the whole, the influence of domestic uses on economic growth was +3.9 percentage points (against +1.7 percentage points in the 4th quarter of 2016). It was made by the positive contribution of final consumption expenditure which was +3.2 percentage points (against +2.2 percentage points in the 4th quarter of 2016), of which the impact of the consumption expenditure in households sector +3.0 percentage points and public consumption expenditure +0.2 percentage points (+2.2 and 0.0 percentage points in the 4th quarter of 2016 respectively). In the 1st quarter of 2017 the impact of gross fixed capital formation was neutral (against -2.8 percentage points in the 4th guarter of 2016) which, with the positive contribution of changes in inventories (+0.7 percentage points), made positive influence of gross capital formation on economic growth of +0.7 percentage points (against -0.5 percentage points in the 4th quarter of 2016). The net exports had positive influence, too (+0.1 against +0.8 percentage points in the 4th quarter of 2016).



Seasonally adjusted GDP (previous quarter = 100, constant prices, reference year 2010)

In the first quarter of 2017 compared with the previous quarter **seasonally adjusted GDP** was 1.1 % higher.

Gross value added in national economy in the first quarter of 2017 was 0.5 % higher.

Gross value added in industry in the first quarter of 2017 was 1.0% higher.

Gross value added in **construction** in the first quarter of 2017 was 3.4 % higher.

Gross value added in trade and repair was 2.0 % higher, similarly in transportation and storage whereas in financial and insurance activities was 4.6 % lower.

Gross value added in public administration and defense, compulsory social security, education, human health and social work activities altogether in the first quarter of 2017 was 0.4 % higher.

Domestic uses in the first quarter of 2017 were 1.7 % higher.

Total consumption expenditure was 1.1 % higher, of which **consumption expenditure in the households sector** in the first quarter of 2017 increased by 1.4 %.

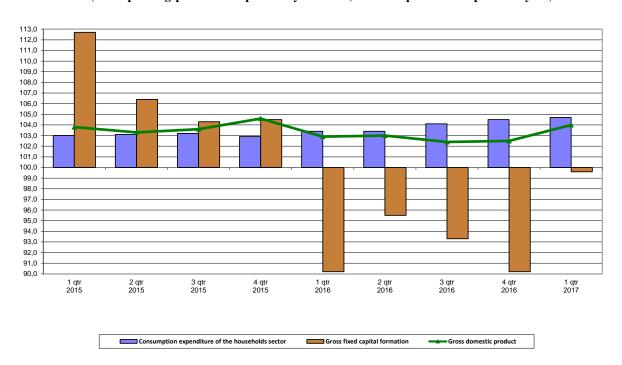
Gross capital formation in the first quarter of 2017 was 3.0 % higher.

Gross fixed capital formation in the first quarter of 2017 was up by 0.3 %.

Tables 1 and 2 present indices in constant prices with reference to the year 2010 for GDP time series and its main aggregates for seasonally unadjusted data, seasonally adjusted data as well as trend. Table 1 presents indices on the previous quarter and table 2 presents indices on the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

Seasonally unadjusted GDP (constant average prices of the previous year)

According to the preliminary estimate **gross domestic product (GDP)** in the first quarter of 2017 was 4.0% higher than in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.



 $GDP\ \ volume\ growth\ rate\\ (corresponding\ period\ of\ the\ previous\ year=100,\ constant\ prices\ of\ the\ previous\ year)$

Gross value added in **national economy** in the first quarter of 2017 was 3.7% higher than in the corresponding quarter of 2016.

Gross value added in **industry** was 7.2% higher than in the corresponding quarter of 2016, while in **construction** was 4.6% higher respectively.

Gross value added in trade and repair rose by 6.4% and in transportation and storage increased by 13.3%. Gross value added in financial and insurance activities in the first quarter of 2017 decreased by 17.5% compared with the corresponding quarter of 2016.

Gross value added in public administration and defense, compulsory social security, education, human health and social work activities altogether in the first quarter of 2017 was 0.3% higher.

Domestic uses in the first quarter of 2017 were 4.1% higher than in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

Final consumption expenditure in the first quarter of 2017 in comparison with the same quarter of the previous year was 3.9% higher, of which **consumption expenditure** in the households sector grew by 4.7% and the growth of **public consumption expenditure** amounted to 1.0%.

Gross capital formation in the first quarter of 2017 was higher by 5.2% compared with the same quarter of the previous year of which **gross fixed capital formation** decreased by 0.4%. **Investment ratio** (relation of gross fixed capital formation to gross domestic product at current prices) was equal to 11.7% against 12.3% in previous year.

Detailed data for GDP time series and its aggregates at current prices as well as volume growth rate (corresponding quarter of the previous year = 100, constant average prices of the previous year) is presented in tables 3 and 4. Table 5 includes information on contribution to GDP volume growth rate.

Seasonal adjustment procedure can cause revisions to historical GDP growth rates and GDP components when later quarterly observations become available or the past unadjusted data are revised.

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