

Information on the labour market in the second quarter of 2019 (preliminary data)

56.2%
Activity rate (by LFS)

The results of the labour force survey (LFS) indicate that in the second quarter of 2019, economically active persons constituted 56.2% of the population aged 15 years and more. Compared to the previous quarter, the rate increased by 0.3 percentage point, whereas in the second quarter of 2018 it decreased by 0.3 percentage point.

26.08.2019

Activity rate increased as compared to the previous quarter

Economic activity of the population aged 15 years and more by the LFS

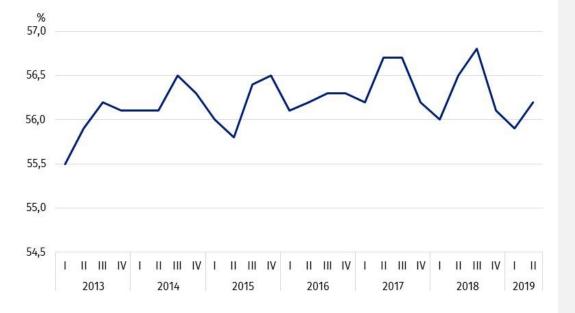
In the second quarter of 2019, the number of economically active population aged 15 years and more comprised 17031 thousand persons, of which 16484 thousand constituted employed persons, while 548 thousand constituted the unemployed. The population of economically inactive persons comprised 13254 thousand.

The number of the economically active increased as compared to the first quarter of 2019 (a growth by 91 thousand), while it decreased as compared the same period of the previous year (a drop by 151 thousand). The number of economically inactive persons dropped as compared to the previous quarter, albeit it slightly increased over the year.

The indicator describing the relation between the number of non-working persons (unemployed and economically inactive aged 15 years and more) and the number of employed persons decreased as compared to the previous quarter, while it did not change as compared to the same period of the previous year. In the second quarter of 2019, there were 837 unemployed or economically inactive persons per 1000 employed persons (in the second quarter of 2018 and in the first quarter of 2019 it was respectively 837 and 862 persons).

The number of persons not working per 1000 of employed persons dropped as compared to the previous quarter

Chart 1. Activity rate for persons aged 15 years and more





In the second quarter 2019, employed persons constituted 54.4% of the population aged 15 years and more. Compared to the first quarter of 2019, the rate increased by 0.7 percentage point, while it did not change over the year.

Employment rate increased as compared to the previous quarter

Employed persons aged 15 years and more by the LFS

In the second quarter of 2019, the population of employed persons aged 15 years and more comprised 16484 thousand and it increased as compared to the previous quarter, whereas it declined over the year.

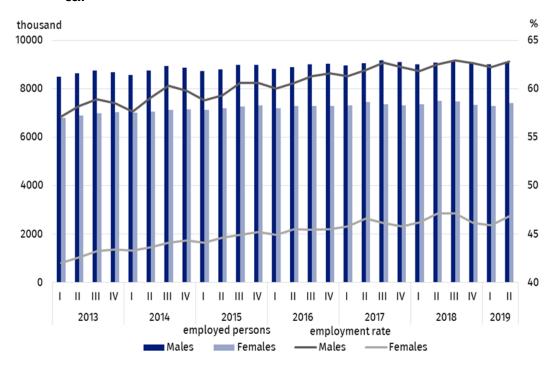
A growth in the number of employed persons was observed as compared to the previous quarter irrespective of both: sex and the place of residence. Over the year, the number of the employed decreased among women, while it stayed at the same level among men. Whereas, as regards the place of residence, a growth in the number of the employed was recorded in rural areas, while a drop was observed in urban areas.

Still men dominate among the total number of the employed – in the second quarter of 2019, their share in this population amounted to 55.1%.

Employment rate increased as compared to the previous quarter. A growth was observed irrespective of both sex and place of residence (the highest one – 1.1 percentage point was recorded for the total population living in rural areas, while depending on sex - among women – 0.9 percentage point). Over the year, the rate total stayed at the same level. A drop in the rate among women (by 0.3 percentage point) was compensated by a growth among men (by 0.3 percentage point). Simultaneously, a decrease in the rate in urban areas (by 0.2 percentage point) was reduced at the country's level by a growth in rural areas (by 0.3 percentage point).

In the second quarter of 2019, still evidently higher employment rate was observed among men (62.8% vs. 46.8% for women).

Chart 2. The number of the employed and employment rate for persons aged 15 years and more by sex



Employment rate is still evidently higher in the male population than among women

3.2%
Unemployment rate (by LFS)

In the second quarter 2019, unemployed persons constituted 3.2% of the economically active population aged 15 years and more. Unemployment rate dropped by 0.7 percentage point. As compared to the previous quarter, while compared to the second quarter 2018 it decreased by 0.4 percentage point.

Unemployment rate upheld a decreasing tendency

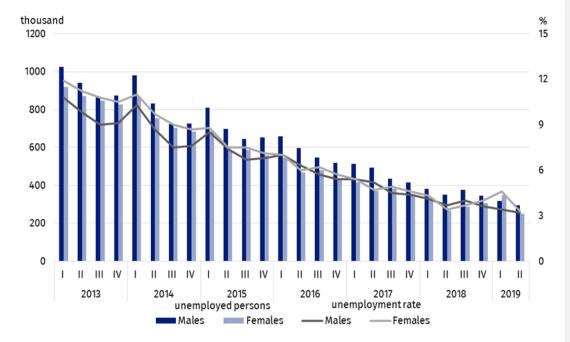
Unemployed persons by the LFS

In the second quarter of 2019, the population of the unemployed amounted to 548 thousand and it decreased as compared to both the previous quarter and the same period of 2018.

A drop in the number of the unemployed observed over both the quarter and the year, occurred regardless of the place of residence and sex.

Unemployment rate decreased regarding both the same period of the last year and the previous quarter. Beginning from 2016, a decreasing differentiation in the unemployment intensity by sex was observed. In the second quarter of 2019 in the population of women unemployment rate stayed at the similar level as among men (respectively 3.3% and 3.2%).

Chart 3. The number of unemployed persons and unemployment rate by sex



Unemployment rate by the LFS was slightly lower in the male population than among women

5.3%
Registered unemployment rate

Unemployed persons registered in labour offices¹ at the end of June 2019 constituted 5.3% of the civilian economically active population. The registered unemployment rate was lower than the one observed in March and June of the last year, respectively by: 0.6 percentage point and 0.5 percentage point.

Registered unemployment rate was systematically decreasing in the successive years

Registered unemployment

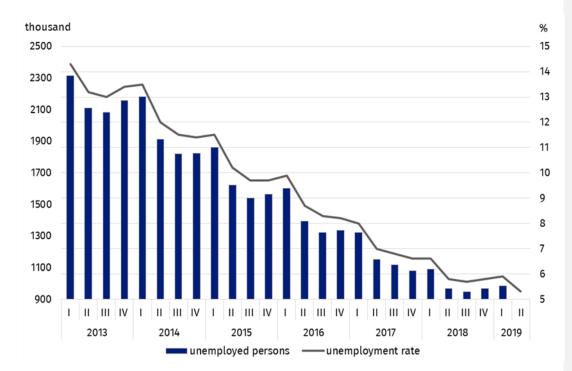
At the end of June 2019, the number of unemployed persons registered in labour offices comprised 877.1 thousand (including 494.2 thousand women) and it was lower than the one observed at the end of the first quarter of 2019 by 107.6 thousand (i.e. by 10.9%) and lower by 90.8 thousand (i.e. by 9.4%) as compared to the same period of the previous year.

A drop in the number of unemployed men and women was observed in the second quarter of 2019 as compared to the first quarter of 2019, respectively by: 60.4 thousand (i.e. 13.6%) and 47.3 thousand (i.e. 8.7%). The population of unemployed men and women registered in labour offices decreased also in respect to June 2018, respectively by: 1.2 thousand persons (i.e. by 9.7%) and by 49.6 thousand (i.e. by 9.1%).

Fewer unemployed persons registered in the labour offices in the second quarter of 2019 than a year ago, at the same time, fewer unemployed persons were withdrawn from register rolls of labour offices

Chart 4. The number unemployed and registered unemployment rate

The state at end of the quarter



¹Information regarding data sources on unemployment and methodological differences between the surveys are available online on the Statistics Poland site: http://stat.gov.pl/obszary-tematyczne/rynek-pracy/zasady-metodyczne-rocznik-pracy/jak-liczymy-bezrobocie,2,1.html

43.8%

The share of economically inactive persons in the total number of the population aged 15 years and more

In the second quarter of 2019, economically inactive persons constituted 43.8% of the total number of the population aged 15 years and more. The percentage decreased as compared to the previous quarter (by 0.3 percentage point), albeit it increased over the year (by 0.3 percentage point).

The percentage of economically inactive persons aged 15 years and more decreased as compared to the previous quarter

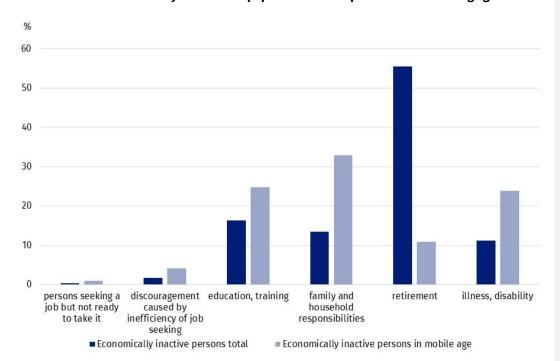
Economically inactive persons

In the second quarter of 2019, the population of persons economically inactive comprised 13254 thousand It stayed at the level lower than in the previous quarter (13365 thousand persons) and at a very similar level as compared to the situation in the last year.

A drop in the number of this group over the quarter was observed among both men (by 1.4%) and women (by 0.5%), while as regards the place of residence among rural residents (by 1.5%) as well as in urban areas (0.4%). Changes in the number of the economically inactive persons depending on sex and the place of residence were also observed over the year. Among women and the total of the urban population a growth in the number of this group took place (respectively by 0.3% and 0.4%), while among men and the total of the rural population – a drop was observed (respectively by 0.4% and 0.5%). Women still constitute a majority of the economically inactive population (61.7%).

Among the total number of economically inactive persons, a decided majority constitute retirees (55.5%), the second largest group constitute students (16.3%). Whereas in case of persons economically inactive at the working age, the most often reasons for inability are: family responsibilities (32.9%), education and training (24.8%), and illness, disability (23.8%).

Chart 5. The percentage of economically inactive persons in the second quarter of 2019 by selected reasons for inactivity for the total population and for persons at the working age



Women still constitute a majority of the economically inactive population

Table 1. Economic activity

Table 1. Economic activity						
	2017	2018		20	119	
SPECIFICATION	II au	II quarter		II quarter	+/- con	npared to
0.200			I quarter		II quarter	l quarter
			in %		2018	2019
1. Activity rate						
TOTAL	56,7	56,5	55,9	56,2	-0,3	0,3
males	65,2	64,9	64,4	64,9	0,0	0,5
females	48,9	48,8	48,1	48,3	-0,5	0,2
Urban areas	56,7	56,6	56,0	56,2	-0,4	0,2
Rural areas	56,6	56,2	55,7	56,4	0,2	0,7
of which:		•				
population connected with agricultural farm	67,2	68,4	67,4	68,6	0,2	1,2
population not connected with agricultural farm	51,7	51,1	51,1	51,6	0,5	0,5
Of total by age:		•				
15–24 years	34,7	35,1	34,2	35,0	-0,1	0,8
25–34	85,1	83,9	84,9	84,2	0,3	-0,7
35–44	87,4	88,0	87,1	87,4	-0,6	0,3
45-59/64	72,5	73,6	73,3	74,9	1,3	1,6
60/65 and more	8,7	8,5	8,1	8,0	-0,5	-0,1
by age:		•				
working (18–59/64) ^a	76,0	76,6	76,4	77,1	0,5	0,7
post-working (60/65 and more) ^b	8,7	8,5	8,1	8,0	-0,5	-0,1
20–24	59,0	59,7	59,8	60,4	0,7	0,6
20-64	74,7	75,1	74,9	75,4	0,3	0,5
55-64	50,2	50,6	50,0	50,4	-0,2	0,4
15–64 years (working as defined by Eurostat)	69,7	70,2	70,0	70,5	0,3	0,5

a 18—59 years for women, 18–64 years for men.

b 60 years and more for women, 65 years and more for men.

Table 1. Economic activity (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	II qu	arter	l quarter	II quarter	+/- con	npared to
	1.		·	quaite	II quarter	l quarter
			in %		2018	2019
1. Activity rate (cont.)						
By voivodships:						
dolnośląskie	56,1	54,6	56,5	57,0	2,4	0,5
kujawsko-pomorskie	55,1	55,0	54,1	55,6	0,6	1,5
lubelskie	55,3	55,5	54,6	54,2	-1,3	-0,4
lubuskie	55,6	55,3	55,1	55,4	0,1	0,3
łódzkie	57,2	57,9	56,5	56,1	-1,8	-0,4
małopolskie	56,2	56,7	55,7	56,2	-0,5	0,5
mazowieckie	60,8	60,5	60,2	59,8	-0,7	-0,4
opolskie	55,4	55,5	54,4	55,2	-0,3	0,8
podkarpackie	56,1	54,5	53,9	53,6	-0,9	-0,3
podlaskie	56,3	56,5	54,3	55,7	-0,8	1,4
pomorskie	58,3	57,2	58,7	59,0	1,8	0,3
śląskie	53,7	53,7	52,4	53,2	-0,5	0,8
świętokrzyskie	54,8	53,9	54,2	54,5	0,6	0,3
warmińsko-mazurskie	54,3	54,3	52,1	53,0	-1,3	0,9
wielkopolskie	60,2	59,2	58,1	59,1	-0,1	1,0
zachodniopomorskie	53,7	54,8	54,4	54,2	-0,6	-0,2
By level of education:						
tertiary	80,2	80,2	80,5	80,1	-0,1	-0,4
post-secondary and voca- tional secondary	64,3	62,7	62,0	61,5	-1,2	-0,5
general secondary	51,3	51,9	52,2	52,5	0,6	0,3
basic vocational	58,9	57,2	54,7	55,3	-1,9	0,6
lower secondary, primary and incomplete primary	17,0	16,6	16,2	17,1	0,5	0,9
Disabled persons						
Total	18,3	17,4	17,0	17,5	0,1	0,5
males	20,0	18,9	18,3	18,6	-0,3	0,3
females	16,7	15,8	15,6	16,3	0,5	0,7
Urban areas	19,8	19,1	19,4	19,0	-0,1	-0,4
Rural areas	15,9	14,5	12,9	14,9	0,4	2,0

Table 2. Demand for labour

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	II qu	arter	I quarter	II quarter	II quarter	I quarter
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100
1. Employed persons						
TOTAL	16496	16565	16274	16484	99,5	101,3
males	9051	9084	9001	9084	100,0	100,9
females	7445	7481	7273	7399	98,9	101,7
Urban areas	9955	10002	9807	9897	99,0	100,9
Rural areas	6541	6564	6467	6587	100,4	101,9
By economic sectors:						
agriculture	1726	1604	1462	1484	92,5	101,5
industry	5212	5182	5255	5236	101,0	99,6
services	9486	9703	9461	9691	99,9	102,4
By ownership sectors:						
public	3886	3903	3826	3892	99,7	101,7
private	12610	12662	12448	12592	99,4	101,2
of which:						
working on private farms in agriculture	1511	1436	1288	1323	92,1	102,7
By employment status:						
employees	13168	13177	13041	13170	99,9	101,0
employers and self-em- ployed persons	2882	2974	2891	2965	99,7	102,6
Contributing family workers	447	414	343	349	84,3	101,7
Employees by work contract:						
permanent	9639	9898	10083	10203	103,1	101,2
temporary	3528	3279	2958	2967	90,5	100,3

Table 2. Demand for labour (cont.)

	2017	2018	i i	20	2019		
SPECIFICATION	II qu	arter	l quarter	II quarter	II quarter	l quarter	
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100	
1. Employed persons (cont.)							
Employed persons with more than one job	899	902	847	849	94,1	100,2	
Employed persons seeking another main job and addi- tional job	234	264	221	214	81,1	96,8	
of which by reasons:					,	,	
possibility of losing cur- rent job	12	5	13	8	160,0	61,5	
looking for a better paid job	140	144	122	121	84,0	99,2	
Disabled persons				3:	5 4		
TOTAL	526	492	483	495	100,6	102,5	
males	284	267	261	262	98,1	100,4	
females	242	225	222	234	104,0	105,4	
Urban areas	351	338	345	338	100,0	98,0	
Rural areas	175	154	138	158	102,6	114,5	
2. Weekly working time			in hours				
Average number of hours worked in the main job and in an additional job	39,5	38,7	39,5	38,4	99,2	97,2	
males	41,3	40,4	41,0	40,0	99,0	97,6	
females	37,3	36,6	37,7	36,5	99,7	96,8	
Average number of hours worked in the main job	38,6	37,9	38,7	37,6	99,2	97,2	
by employment status and age:		.:	L,	I.			
employees	37,9	37,2	38,7	37,0	99,5	95,6	
employers and self-em- ployed persons	42,5	41,3	39,8	40,4	97,8	101,5	
contributing family wor- kers	35,0	34,2	31,8	34,4	100,6	108,2	
3. Vacancies ^a		ir	thousands				
TOTAL	437,2	421,4	381,8	345,9	82,1	90,6	
in public sector	39,2	36,7	45,3	30,6	83,3	67,5	
in private sector	398,0	384,7	336,5	315,3	82,0	93,7	

 $[\]it a$ Offers registered in labour offices during a quarter; The Ministry of Family, Labour and Social Policy data.

Table 2. Demand for labour (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	119	
SPECIFICATION	II au	arter	I quarter	II quarter	+/- compared to	
SPECIFICATION	ii qu	arter	rquarter	ii quartei	II quarter	l quarter
			in %		2018	2019
4. Employment rate						
TOTAL	53,9	54,4	53,7	54,4	0,0	0,7
males	61,9	62,5	62,2	62,8	0,3	0,6
females	46,6	47,1	45,9	46,8	-0,3	0,9
Urban areas	54,0	54,7	53,9	54,5	-0,2	0,6
Rural areas	53,7	54,1	53,3	54,4	0,3	1,1
of which:		•				
population connected with agricultural farm	65,3	67,0	65,9	67,2	0,2	1,3
population not connected with agricultural farm	48,3	48,7	48,3	49,4	0,7	1,1
Of total by age:						
15–24 years	29,6	31,6	30,6	31,3	-0,3	0,7
25–34	80,4	80,3	80,8	81,4	1,1	0,6
35-44	84,6	85,4	84,4	85,0	-0,4	0,6
45-59/64	69,6	71,7	71,1	73,1	1,4	2,0
60/65 years and more	8,6	8,4	8,0	7,9	-0,5	-0,1
in age:		•				
working (18–59/64) ^a	72,1	73,8	73,3	74,6	0,8	1,3
post-working (60/65 and more) ^b	8,6	8,4	8,0	7,9	-0,5	-0,1
20–24	50,8	54,0	53,9	54,9	0,9	1,0
20-64	71,1	72,4	72,0	73,1	0,7	1,1
55-64	48,2	49,4	48,6	49,2	-0,2	0,6
15–64 years (working as defined by Eurostat)	66,2	67,7	67,2	68,2	0,5	1,0

a 18–59 years for women, 18-64 years for men.

 $[\]it b$ 60 years and more for women, 65 years and more for men.

Table 2. Demand for labour (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	19	
					+/- con	npared to
SPECIFICATION	II qu	arter	I quarter	II quarter	., соп	
					II quarter 2018	I quarter 2019
			in %		2010	2019
4. Employment rate (cont.)						
dolnośląskie	52,8	53,1	54,9	55,3	2,2	0,4
kujawsko-pomorskie	51,9	53,0	51,9	53,4	0,4	1,5
lubelskie	51,7	52,2	50,9	51,2	-1,0	0,3
lubuskie	53,7	53,6	54,0	54,2	0,6	0,2
łódzkie	54,1	55,3	53,7	53,9	-1,4	0,2
małopolskie	54,0	55,6	53,3	54,7	-0,9	1,4
mazowieckie	57,5	58,2	57,7	58,2	0,0	0,5
opolskie	52,9	54,0	52,8	53,7	-0,3	0,9
podkarpackie	51,4	50,8	50,9	50,8	0,0	-0,1
podlaskie	53,6	55,0	52,5	54,1	-0,9	1,6
pomorskie	55,6	55,4	57,0	57,0	1,6	0,0
śląskie	51,5	51,9	50,7	52,2	0,3	1,5
świętokrzyskie	51,7	51,2	51,5	51,8	0,6	0,3
warmińsko-mazurskie	50,5	51,2	49,6	51,3	0,1	1,7
wielkopolskie	58,8	58,2	56,3	57,4	-0,8	1,1
zachodniopomorskie	51,0	52,7	52,7	52,4	-0,3	-0,3
By level of education:		•				
tertiary	78,2	78,5	78,5	78,6	0,1	0,1
post-secondary and voca- tional secondary	61,4	60,5	59,9	59,7	-0,8	-0,2
general secondary	47,8	49,0	49,2	49,9	0,9	0,7
basic vocational	55,0	54,9	52,1	53,3	-1,6	1,2
lower secondary, primary and incomplete primary	14,9	15,0	14,5	15,7	0,7	1,2
Disabled persons						
TOTAL	17,0	16,3	15,8	16,3	0,0	0,5
males	18,6	17,7	17,2	17,4	-0,3	0,2
females	15,4	14,9	14,4	15,3	0,4	0,9
Urban areas	18,2	17,9	18,0	17,8	-0,1	-0,2
Rural areas	14,9	13,6	12,1	13,8	0,2	1,7

Table 3. Unemployment a

1	2017	2018	G.	20	19	
SPECIFICATION	II quarter		l quarter	II quarter	II quarter	l quarter
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100
1. Unemployed persons						
TOTAL	863	617	666	548	88,8	82,3
males	493	350	318	296	84,6	93,1
females	370	267	348	251	94,0	72,1
Urban areas	510	361	373	308	85,3	82,6
Rural areas	353	256	293	240	93,8	81,9
By methods of job search			H.			i
through the labour office	527	378	422	312	82,5	73,9
placing or answering job ad- vertisements	301	228	233	206	90,4	88,4
through friends, relatives	606	411	413	380	92,5	92,0
direct contact with emplo- yers	420	301	318	287	95,3	90,3
making efforts to become self-employed	26	22	20	20	90,9	100,0
By duration of job search			9			
6 months and less	514	380	460	356	93,7	77,4
7—12	146	104	97	114	109,6	117,5
13 months and more	202	133	109	78	58,6	71,6
Average duration of job search in months		ir	n months			
TOTAL	10,1	10,4	9,3	9,1	87,5	97,8
males	10,5	10,7	9,6	9,3	86,9	96,9
females	9,7	10,0	9,1	8,9	89,0	97,8
In total:			in months			
waiting for work to begin in the months	64	54	58	47	87,0	81,0
registered at the labour office as unemployed	510	363	294 ^b	241	66,4	82,0
of which:						
receiving unemployment benefit	89	60	72	63	105,0	87,5
Disabled persons						·
TOTAL	43	31	38	36	116,1	94,7
males	22	17	18	19	111,8	105,6
females	21	14	20	17	121,4	85,0
Urban areas	31	22	28	24	109,1	85,7
Rural areas	13	10	10	12	120,0	120,0

a By Labour Force Survey.

b Due to a change in the methodology of gathering information on unemployed people registered in labour office as unemployed, the data is not fully comparable with the results taken before first quarter of 2019.

Table 3. Unemployment a (cont.)

1	2017	2018	9	20	19	
SPECIFICATION	II quarter		l quarter	II quarter	II quarter	l quarter
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100
2. Recruitment sources of the unemployed						
Job losers						
total	307	228	225	167	73,2	74,2
males	193	140	119	89	63,6	74,8
females	114	89	106	79	88,8	74,5
Job leavers			415		2	
total	75	67	84	76	113,4	90,5
males	49	39	45	49	125,6	108,9
females	26	28	39	27	96,4	69,2
Re-entrants		(a)			A 22	
total	327	216	243	210	97,2	86,4
males	154	114	102	108	94,7	105,9
females	174	102	142	101	99,0	71,1
They take up work for the first time (activating)						
total	153	106	113	95	89,6	84,1
of which leavers	68	48	47	45	93,8	95,7
males	96	57	52	50	87,7	96,2
females	57	49	61	45	91,8	73,8
3. Unemployed persons previously in employment						
TOTAL	710	511	552	453	88,6	82,1
of which:						
According to the economic sectors of the last job ^b :						
agriculture	23	27	26	17	63,0	65,4
industry	243	153	173	139	90,8	80,3
services	334	262	272	223	85,1	82,0
of which:						
education	13	9	23	13	144,4	56,5
human health and social work activities	15	15	11	14	93,3	127,3
By ownership sectors in ^b :						
public sector	71	56	53	51	91,1	96,2
private sector	535	388	422	333	85,8	78,9

a By Labour Force Survey.

 $[\]ensuremath{\textit{b}}$ Excluding persons with the break in employment 8 years or more.

Table 3. Unemployment a (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	II quarter		I quarter	II quarter	+/- compared to	
	qu	urter	rquarter	ii quartei	II quarter	l quarter
			in %		2018	2019
4. Unemployment rate						
TOTAL	5,0	3,6	3,9	3,2	-0,4	-0,7
males	5,2	3,7	3,4	3,2	-0,5	-0,2
females	4,7	3,4	4,6	3,3	-0,1	-1,3
Urban areas	4,9	3,5	3,7	3,0	-0,5	-0,7
Rural areas	5,1	3,8	4,3	3,5	-0,3	-0,8
of which:						
population connected with agricultural farm	2,7	2,0	2,2	2,0	0,0	-0,2
population not connected with agricultural farm	6,6	4,7	5,5	4,3	-0,4	-1,2
Of total by age:		•	•			
15–24 years	14,6	10,2	10,4	10,4	0,2	0,0
25–34	5,5	4,2	4,8	3,3	-0,9	-1,5
35–44	3,3	2,9	3,1	2,8	-0,1	-0,3
45 years and more	3,8	2,4	2,8	2,1	-0,3	-0,7
by age:		•	•			
working (18–59/64) ^b	5,1	3,7	4,1	3,3	-0,4	-0,8
post-working (60/65 and mo-re) ^c	1,5	0,7	х	х	х	х
20-24	13,9	9,4	9,8	9,1	-0,3	-0,7
20-64	4,9	3,6	3,9	3,2	-0,4	-0,7
55-64	4,0	2,4	2,8	2,4	0,0	-0,4
15–64 years (working as defined by Eurostat)	5,0	3,7	4,0	3,3	-0,4	-0,7

a By Labour Force Survey.

b 18–59 years for women, 18–64 years for men.

 $[\]it c$ 60 years and more for women, 65 years and more for men.

Table 3. Unemployment a (cont.)

rable 3. Onemployment' (cont.)	1 1	İ				
	2017	2018		20	19	
				[
SPECIFICATION	II qua	arter	I quarter	II quarter	+/- con	npared to
					II quarter	l quarter
			in %		2018	2019
4. Unemployment rate (cont.)						
By voivodships:						
dolnośląskie	5,8	2,7	2,9	2,9	0,2	0,0
kujawsko-pomorskie	5,9	3,5	3,9	4,0	0,5	0,1
lubelskie	6,5	5,9	6,8	5,5	-0,4	-1,3
lubuskie	3,4	3,0	1,8	2,1	-0,9	0,3
łódzkie	5,3	4,5	5,0	3,9	-0,6	-1,1
małopolskie	4,0	2,0	4,4	2,8	0,8	-1,6
mazowieckie	5,3	3,8	4,2	2,7	-1,1	-1,5
opolskie	4,5	2,7	3,0	2,7	0,0	-0,3
podkarpackie	8,4	6,8	5,5	5,2	-1,6	-0,3
podlaskie	4,7	2,7	3,3	2,6	-0,1	-0,7
pomorskie	4,6	3,2	2,8	3,4	0,2	0,6
śląskie	4,0	3,3	3,1	1,8	-1,5	-1,3
świętokrzyskie	5,7	5,0	5,0	5,0	0,0	0,0
warmińsko-mazurskie	6,8	5,7	4,9	3,1	-2,6	-1,8
wielkopolskie	2,4	1,7	3,1	3,1	1,4	0,0
zachodniopomorskie	5,1	3,8	3,0	3,2	-0,6	0,2
By level of education:						
tertiary	2,4	2,1	2,5	1,9	-0,2	-0,6
post-secondary and voca- tional secondary	4,5	3,5	3,3	2,8	-0,7	-0,5
general secondary	6,7	5,6	5,8	5,1	-0,5	-0,7
basic vocational	6,6	3,9	4,8	3,7	-0,2	-1,1
lower secondary, primary and incomplete primary	12,5	9,2	10,0	8,6	-0,6	-1,4
Disabled persons						
TOTAL	7,6	5,9	7,3	6,8	0,9	-0,5
males	7,2	6,0	6,5	6,8	0,8	0,3
females	8,0	5,9	8,3	6,8	0,9	-1,5
Urban areas	8,1	6,1	7,5	6,6	0,5	-0,9
Rural areas	7,0	6,1	6,8	7,1	1,0	0,3

a By Labour Force Survey.

Table 4. Registered unemployment^a

Table 4. Registered unemployment	t ^a					
	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	II qu	arter	I quarter	II quarter		
					II quarter	I quarter
		in t	thousands		2018=100	2019=100
1. Unemployed persons as of						
the end of a quarter						
TOTAL	1151,6	967,9	984,7	877,1	90,6	89,1
males	521,2	424,2	443,3	382,9	90,3	86,4
females	630,5	543,7	541,5	494,2	90,9	91,3
Disabled persons						
TOTAL	73,0	61,2	61,7	57,6	94,1	93,3
males	38,7	33,1	33,7	31,4	94,9	93,1
females	34,3	28,1	28,0	26,2	93,3	93,5
2. Unemployment flows over a quarter						
Inflow (Newly registered unem- ployed persons)						
total	414,3	366,9	414,5	322,0	87,8	77,7
males	213,9	184,7	214,7	165,1	89,4	76,9
females	200,4	182,2	199,8	156,9	86,1	78,5
of total:						
terminated for company rea-	17.6	12.2	1/ (12.1	00.0	02.6
sons	17,6	13,3	14,6	12,1	90,8	82,6
males females	8,2	6,0	7,0	5,4	89,1	77,2
previously not employed	9,4	7,2 50,8	7,6	6,7	92,3	87,6
males	62,1 30,5	24,0	45,9 22,7	40,3 19,7	79,3 82,0	87,9 86,7
females	31,6	26,9	23,2	20,6	76,8	89,0
re-entrants to unemployment	31,0	20,9	23,2	20,0	70,8	09,0
registers	339,4	303,9	342,7	263,4	86,7	76,9
males	177,7	154,6	179,0	137,2	88,7	76,6
females	161,7	149,3	163,7	126,2	84,6	77,1
Outflow (persons removed from unemployment)						
total	586,9	491,2	398,6	429,6	87,5	107,8
males	318,9	261,5	197,6	225,5	86,2	114,1
females	268,1	229,6	201,0	204,1	88,9	101,6
of total:						
unemployed persons who took work	278,0	239,6	195,1	203,9	85,1	104,5
males	153,1	127,3	94,8	106,8	83,9	112,7
females	124,9	112,3	100,3	97,1	86,5	96,8
3. Unemployment rate as of the end of a quarter			in %			
TOTAL	7,0	5,8	5,9	5,3	х	х
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 $[\]it a$ The Ministry of Family, Labour and Social Policy data.

Table 5. Economically inactive population a

rable 3. Economically macrive pop	diacion					
	2017	2018		20	119	
SPECIFICATION	II qua	arter	I quarter	II quarter	II quarter	l quarter
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100
1. Economically inactive						
TOTAL	13254	13246	13365	13254	100,1	99,2
males	5085	5101	5151	5079	99,6	98,6
females	8169	8146	8214	8174	100,3	99,5
Urban areas	7976	7933	7997	7968	100,4	99,6
Rural areas	5278	5314	5368	5286	99,5	98,5
Of total by age:						
15–24 years	2528	2388	2355	2310	96,7	98,1
25–34	802	837	765	791	94,5	103,4
35–44	685	668	721	705	105,5	97,8
45-59/64	2270	2142	2150	2021	94,4	94,0
60/65 years and more	6969	7211	7374	7426	103,0	100,7
by age:						
pre-working (15–17)	1022	992	973	968	97,6	99,5
working (18–59/64) ^a	5263	5043	5018	4859	96,4	96,8
post-working (60/65 and more)	6969	7211	7374	7426	103,0	100,7
20–24 years	861	798	766	746	93,5	97,4
20-64	5716	5543	5519	5395	97,3	97,8
55-64	2616	2522	2499	2464	97,7	98,6
15–64 years (working as defined by Eurostat)	7383	7133	7107	6958	97,5	97,9
Chosen reasons for inactivity						
persons seeking job but not ready to take it within two weeks following the referen- ce week	60	46	44	48	104,3	109,1
persons discouraged with inefficiet job search	348	268	247	226	84,3	91,5

a By Labour Force Survey.

Table 5. Economically inactive population a (cont.)

	2017	17 2018 2019					
SPECIFICATION	II quarter		l quarter	II quarter	II quarter	I quarter	
		in	2018=100	2019=100			
Selected reasons for inactivity							
education, training	2363	2241	2188	2164	96,6	98,9	
family and household re- sponsibilities	1733	1763	1793	1782	101,1	99,4	
retirement	6789	7111	7301	7361	103,5	100,8	
illness, disability	1730	1627	1603	1480	91,0	92,3	
By level of education:							
tertiary	1439	1483	1465	1531	103,2	104,5	
post-secondary and voca- tional secondary	2610	2728	2737	2787	102,2	101,8	
general secondary	1480	1479	1442	1464	99,0	101,5	
basic vocational	3013	3085	3334	3160	102,4	94,8	
lower secondary, primary and incomplete primary	4712	4471	4387	4311	96,4	98,3	
Disabled persons							
TOTAL	2533	2492	2545	2511	100,8	98,7	
males	1221	1220	1241	1228	100,7	99,0	
females	1311	1272	1305	1283	100,9	98,3	
Urban areas	1543	1524	1548	1540	101,0	99,5	
Rural areas	989	968	998	971	100,3	97,3	
2. Number of persons not working ^b per 1000 employed persons		ir					
TOTAL	856	837	862	837	х	х	
males	616	600	608	592	х	х	
females	1147	1125	1177	1139	х	х	
Urban areas	852	829	853	836	х	>	
Rural areas	861	849	875	839	х	х	

a By Labour Force Survey.

b Including the unemployed.

Table 6. Terminations for to establishments-related reasons (as of the state at the end of a quarter)

	2017	2018	2019				
SPECIFICATION	II quarter		l quarter	II quarter	II quarter 2018=100	I quarter 2019=100	
The number of establishments	145	114	112	109	95,6	97,3	
of which:					2		
public sector	16	14	6	9	64,3	150,0	
private sector	129	100	106	100	100	94,3	
The number of persons (in thousands)	14,6	13,2	13,5	17,5	132,3	129,7	
of which:			N.	2	*		
public sector	3,8	2,6	1,8	0,8	31,0	43,8	
private sector	10,8	10,7	11,7	16,7	156,6	143	

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<u>Local Data Bank</u> → Labour market

Terms used in official statistics

Economic activity

Employed persons by LFS, Population and Housing Census 2002 and National Census of Population and Housing 2011

Unemployed persons by LFS, Population and Housing Census 2002 and National Census of Population and Housing 2011

Registered unemployed persons

Job offer