



Terms used in official statistics



Surface water

Definition:

Meand inland waters, except groundwater (all standing or flowing water on the surface of the land); transitional waters and coastal waters, except in respect of chemical status for which it shall also include territorial waters.

The inland surface waters are divided into:

1. flowing

- in natural watercourses, canals and springs, where these flowing waters begin,
- in lakes or other natural reservoirs with continuous or periodical natural inflow or outflow of surface water,
- in artificial reservoirs situated on flowing waters;

2. standingwater

- water in lakes and other natural water reservoirs not directly and naturally connected with surface flowing waters.

Source:

- Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy
Place of publication: (Dz. Urz. WE L 327 z 22.12.2000, str. 1, z późn. zm. – Dz. Urz. UE Polskie wydanie specjalne, rozdz. 15, t. 5, str. 275, z późn. zm.)
- Act of 20 July 2017, New Water Law
Place of publication: (Dz. U. z 2024 r. poz. 1087, z późn. zm.)

High-level terms

- [Protection of water](#)

Low-level terms:

- [Biochemical oxygen demand \(BOD\)](#)
- [Chemical oxygen demand](#)

- Land under waters

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