

Business tendency in manufacturing, construction, trade and services – November 2021 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency – assessment and expectations (Annex)



In most of presented kinds of activities general business climate indicator in November is at a lower level than in the previous month. In the majority of researched areas deterioration of "forecast" components has been reported, whereas "diagnostic" ones do not change.

The most positive¹ indicator is noted by two sections – financial and insurance activities as well as information and communication, while the

most pessimistic one by entities representing accommodation and food service activities section.

In the current month – answers provided between 1 and 10 November – supplementary set of questions has been added to the survey. This particular set aims to additionally diagnose the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency (results in Annex).

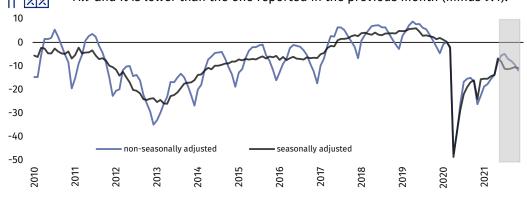
Manufacturing (graph 1) In the current month g

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 10.5 – lower than in October (minus 6.3).





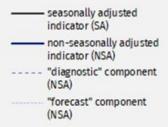
In November general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 11.9 and it is lower than the one reported in the previous month (minus 9.4).

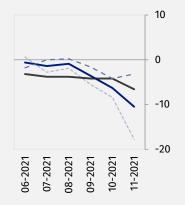


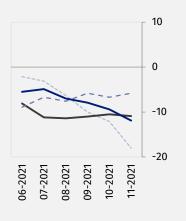
¹ By the phrase "positive" (positive value of the indicator) we consider a situation when percentage of entrepreneurs expecting improvement of their entities' economic situation in the next three months or observing such an improvement outweighs percentage of entrepreneurs expecting its deterioration.

22.11.2021

General business climate indicator and its components in the last six months



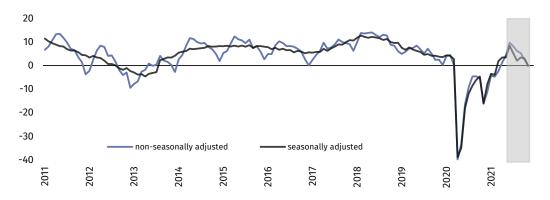


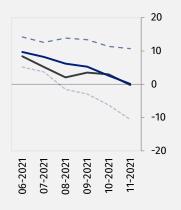




Wholesale trade (graph 3)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value plus 0.1 – lower than in October (plus 2.6).



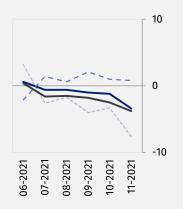


Retail trade (graph 4)



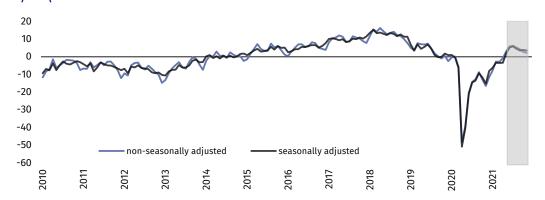
In November general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 3.4 and it is lower than the one reported in the previous month (minus 1.2).

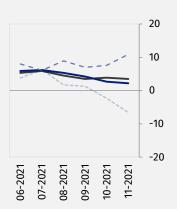




Transportation and storage (graph 5)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value plus 2.2 – similar to the one reported in October (plus 2.7).

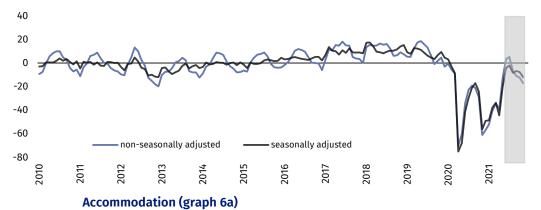


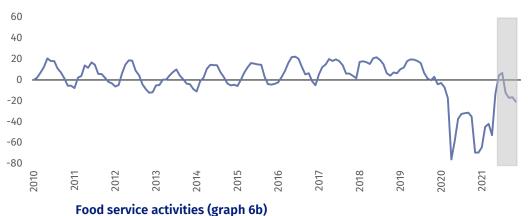


Accommodation and food service activities (graph 6)

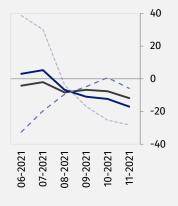


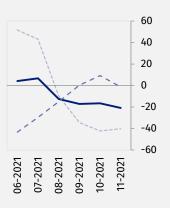
In November general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 17.0 versus minus 12.3 in October. Entities operating in accommodation assess business tendency more pessimistically (minus 20.8) than the ones of food service activities (minus 14.3).

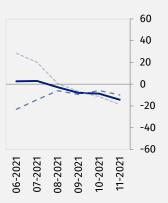








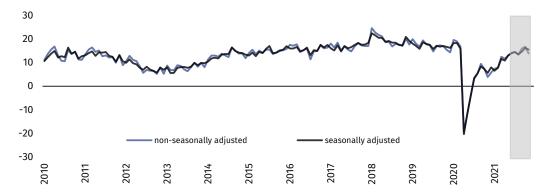


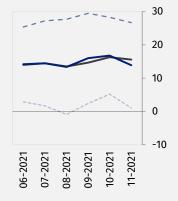




Information and communication (graph 7)

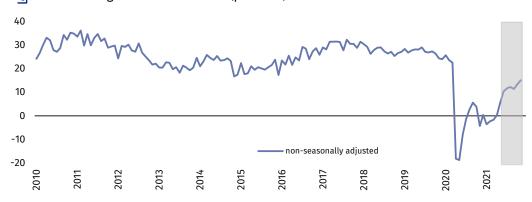
In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the positive value (plus 13.9), but lower than the one reported in October (plus 16.8).

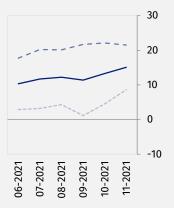




Financial and insurance activities (graph 8)2

In November general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value plus 15.1 – higher than in October (plus 13.3).





 $^{^2}$ Time series does not require to be seasonally adjusted. Non-seasonally adjusted data can be analyzed and interpreted in the same way as seasonally adjusted data.

Table 1. Business climate indicators by kind of activity

	SPECIFICATION	Analogous month of the previ- ous year	Previous month	Current month	Long-term average
Manufacturing	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-16,7	-4,2	-6,6	2,7
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-20,5	-6,3	-10,5	2,7
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-7,9	-4,2	-3,2	-1,1
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-33,1	-8,4	-17,8	6,5
Construction	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-24,0	-10,5	-10,9	-2,4
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-26,2	-9,4	-11,9	-2,3
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-13,3	-6,7	-5,8	-5,9
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-39,0	-12,1	-18,0	1,2
Wholesale trade	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-16,0	3,0	-0,2	4,1
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-16,2	2,6	0,1	4,2
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	0,7	11,4	10,7	9,1
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-33,0	-6,2	-10,6	-0,7
Retail trade	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-27,5	-2,5	-3,8	-4,1
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-26,3	-1,2	-3,4	-4,1
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-12,3	1,0	0,8	-3,7
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-40,3	-3,3	-7,6	-4,5
Transportation and storage	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-15,2	3,9	3,5	-0,2
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-16,5	2,7	2,2	-0,2
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-5,8	7,6	10,9	0,6
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-27,2	-2,3	-6,6	-1,0
Accommodation and food service activities	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	-56,1	-7,6	-11,8	0,1
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-61,1	-12,3	-17,0	0,1
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	-43,2	0,7	-5,8	-2,1
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-79,0	-25,3	-28,2	2,3
Information and communication	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)	5,7	16,3	15,6	18,7
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	3,9	16,8	13,9	18,8
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	21,3	28,3	26,7	25,9
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-13,5	5,2	1,1	11,5
Financial and insurance activities	seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) ³				
	non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA)	-4,3	13,3	15,1	26,8
	"diagnostic" component (NSA)	21,7	22,1	21,5	33,2
	"forecast" component (NSA)	-30,3	4,5	8,6	20,4

 3 Time series does not require to be seasonally adjusted. Non-seasonally adjusted data can be analyzed and interpreted in the same way as seasonally adjusted data.

Annex

Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency – assessments and expectations

Survey was conducted between 1 and 10 November 2021 on a sample of entities operating in manufacturing, construction, trade as well as services. As opposed to regular part of surveys, answers to additional set of questions were provided voluntarily. In questions 1, 4 and 5 percent of respondents' answers to a given variant is presented. In other questions it is average of values given. Data were aggregated according to methodology of aggregation (weighing) which is used by default in regular survey.

Table 2. Survey data on impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency

Table 2. Survey data on impa	ct of COVID-	-19 pander	iic on bus	siness tend	iency	1
Questions	Manufac- turing	Construction	Wholesale trade	© O O Retail trade	Transportation and storage	Accommodation and food service activities
1. Negative effects of coronavirus palack of negative effects	14,8	17,9	r business a	9,2	urrent month Will 9,1	be: 4,3
minor	68,5	65,7	71,2	56,8	65,6	31,1
serious	13,3	7,1	13,7	30,0	18,7	42,3
a threat to company's stability	3,4	9,3	3,3	4,0	6,6	22,3
sum			-	<u> </u>		
(lack of negative effects + minor)	83,3	83,6	83,0	66,0	74,7	35,4
sum (serious + a threat to company's stability)	16,7	16,4	17,0	34,0	25,3	64,6
(serious + a tilleat to company s stability)						
2. Please, estimate what is the perce						
law agreement, self-employed, int situations:	erns, agents et	tc.) who will be	affected in	the current m	onth by each of th	ie following
remote work and similar forms of work	5,1	4,2	17,1	6,9	9,6	2,1
unplanned absence due to holidays, child- care, looking after family member etc.	2,8	4,8	3,5	2,8	3,1	4,9
absence of employees resulting from quarantine or other restrictions	1,4	4,6	1,3	1,6	2,5	6,1
What will be in the current month a semi-finished products, raw mate Regardless of the reason for chan	rials, goods or :	services etc.?	_	-		our company's
change [%]	-1,6	-6,4	-1,7	-2,5	-6,3	-17,0
4. If the current measures as well as tions of other countries, e.g. in the questionnaire persisted for a prol	field of borde	r traffic) to con	nbat corona	virus function	ing at the time of	
less than a month	0,4	3,8	1,9	1,3	2,9	1,3
circa 1 month	5,7	10,8	4,2	4,5	8,4	7,6
2 – 3 months	20,2	23,8	13,4	13,9	14,2	28,0
4 – 6 months	16,7	18,2	16,4	25,1	19,3	34,9
more than 6 months	57,0	43,4	64,1	55,2	55,2	28,2
5. Is your company expecting in the c Regardless of the cause of gridloc						
yes, minor	23,3	32,6	35,7	32,8	27,2	26,0
yes, serious	5,3	7,4	5,3	2,6	8,0	14,2
yes, threatening company's stability	1,3	4,9	0,8	1,2	0,8	4,3
we do not expect any	70,1	55,1	58,2	63,4	64,0	55,5
6. What will be in the current month reference to the previous month?	an estimated c	hange (in perc	entage) in le	evel of employ	ment in your com	pany, with
•	0,0	-0,7	0,0	-0,5	-0,5	-3,2
change [%]	0,0	-0,7	0,0	-0,5	-0,5	-3,2

In the case of quoting data from the Statistics Poland, please provide information: "Statistics Poland data source", and in the case of publishing calculations made on data published by the Statistics Poland, please provide information: "Own study based on Statistics Poland data".

Prepared by:

Macroeconomic Studies and Finance Statistics Department

Director Mirosław Błażej

Office: tel. (+48 22) 608 37 73

Issued by:

The Spokesperson for the President of Statistics Poland Karolina Banaszek

Mobile: (+48) 695 255 011



www.stat.gov.pl/en/



@StatPoland



@GlownyUrzadStatystyczny

Press Office

Office: tel. (+48 22) 608 34 91, 608 38 04

e-mail: obslugaprasowa@stat.gov.pl

Related information

Business tendency in manufacturing, construction, trade and services

Data available in databases

Knowledge Database Business Tendency

Macroeconomic Data Bank

Terms used in official statistics

Business tendency



This document was prepared with European Commission financial contribution. Ideas presented here are Statistics Poland notions, so they should not be seen in any cases as European Commission official opinions reflections.