Business tendency in manufacturing,

construction, trade and services – March 2021

Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency –

assessment and expectations (Annex)

General business climate indicator and its components in the last six months

In most of presented kinds of activities general business climate indicator in March is at a slightly higher level than in the previous month. In most of researched areas improvement of “forecast” components has been reported, whereas in “diagnostic” ones – no change.

-6.6

General business climate indicator for manufacturing (NSA)

The indicator is positive only in information and communication section[[1]](#footnote-1). The most pessimistic assessments are reported by companies operating in the field of accommodation and food service activities, although these entities note the biggest month-to-month improvement.

In the current month – answers provided between 1 and 10 March – supplementary set of questions has been added to the survey. This particular set aims to additionally diagnose the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency (results in Annex).

# Manufacturing (graph 1)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 6.6 and it is slightly higher than the one reported in February (minus 8.3).

# Construction (graph 2)

In March general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 15.5 – slightly higher than the one reported in the previous month (minus 17.7).

# Wholesale trade (graph 3)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 2.3 – slightly higher than the one reported in February (minus 4.7).

Retail trade (graph 4)

In March general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 6.7 and it is higher than in February (minus 10.0).

Transportation and storage (graph 5)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 2.9 and it is similar to the one reported in February (minus 2.7).

Accommodation and food service activities (graph 6)

In March general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 34.4 versus minus 40.6 in February. Entities operating in accommodation assess business tendency more pessimistically (minus 42.0) than the ones of food service activities (minus 28.6).

Accommodation (graph 6a)

Food service activities (graph 6b)

Information and communication (graph 7)

In the current month general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the positive value (plus 12.5) and it is higher than the one reported in February (plus 7.9).

Financial and insurance activities (graph 8)[[2]](#footnote-2)

In March general business climate indicator (NSA) takes the value minus 1.7 versus minus 2.3 in February.

# Table 1. Business climate indicators by kind of activity

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| SPECIFICATION | Analogous month of the previous year | Previous month | **Current month** | Long-term average |
| **Manufacturing**  | seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) | -2,4 | -8,4 | **-7,9** | 2,9 |
| non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA) | -1,1 | -8,3 | **-6,6** | 2,9 |
| “diagnostic” component (NSA) | 5,5 | -9,2 | **-9,8** | -1,1 |
| “forecast” component (NSA) | -7,6 | -7,3 | **-3,4** | 6,8 |
| **Construction**  | seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) | -3,0 | -17,0 | **-16,5** | -2,2 |
| non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA) | -1,9 | -17,7 | **-15,5** | -2,1 |
| “diagnostic” component (NSA) | 1,8 | -15,1 | **-17,2** | -5,8 |
| “forecast” component (NSA) | -5,5 | -20,3 | **-13,8** | 1,5 |
| **Wholesale trade**  | seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) | 2,8 | -3,9 | **1,9** | 4,2 |
| non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA) | 0,4 | -4,7 | **-2,3** | 4,2 |
| “diagnostic” component (NSA) | 8,4 | 4,0 | **3,8** | 8,9 |
| “forecast” component (NSA) | -7,6 | -13,3 | **-8,3** | -0,6 |
| **Retail trade**  | seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) | -2,4 | -9,4 | **-6,0** | -4,2 |
| non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA) | -3,1 | -10,0 | **-6,7** | -4,2 |
| “diagnostic” component (NSA) | 3,0 | -5,9 | **-5,8** | -3,8 |
| “forecast” component (NSA) | -9,2 | -14,0 | **-7,6** | -4,5 |
| **Transportation and storage** | seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) | -6,7 | -3,6 | **-3,8** | -0,3 |
| non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA) | -5,8 | -2,7 | **-2,9** | -0,3 |
| “diagnostic” component (NSA) | 1,8 | -0,1 | **-0,9** | 0,4 |
| “forecast” component (NSA) | -13,3 | -5,3 | **-4,8** | -1,1 |
| **Accommodation and food service activities**  | seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) | -8,4 | -38,0 | **-33,7** | 0,6 |
| non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA) | -9,1 | -40,6 | **-34,4** | 0,5 |
| “diagnostic” component (NSA) | 2,6 | -55,2 | **-51,5** | -1,4 |
| “forecast” component (NSA) | -20,7 | -25,9 | **-17,2** | 2,4 |
| **Information and communication**  | seasonally adjusted indicator (SA) | 15,3 | 7,2 | **10,7** | 18,9 |
| non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA) | 16,8 | 7,9 | **12,5** | 18,9 |
| “diagnostic” component (NSA) | 30,9 | 24,3 | **26,2** | 25,9 |
| “forecast” component (NSA) | 2,7 | -8,6 | **-1,3** | 11,9 |
| **Financial and insurance activities**  | seasonally adjusted indicator (SA)[[3]](#footnote-3) | . | . | **.** | . |
| non-seasonally adjusted indicator (NSA) | 22,6 | -2,3 | **-1,7** | 27,4 |
| “diagnostic” component (NSA) | 38,7 | 13,5 | **13,0** | 33,7 |
| “forecast” component (NSA) | 6,4 | -18,1 | **-16,3** | 21,1 |

Annex

Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency

– assessments and expectations

|  |
| --- |
| Survey was conducted between 1 and 10 March 2021 on a sample of entities operating in manufacturing, construction, trade as well as services. As opposed to regular part of surveys, answers to additional set of questions were provided voluntarily. In questions 1, 4 and 5 percent of respondents’ answers to a given variant is presented. In other questions it is average of values given. Data were aggregated according to methodology of aggregation (weighing) which is used by default in regular survey. |

# Table 2. Survey data on impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Questions** | Manufacturing | Construction | Wholesale trade | Retailtrade | Transportation and storage | Accommodation and food service activities |
|  |
| **1. Negative effects of coronavirus pandemic and its impact on your business activity in the current month will be:** |
| minor | 65,2 | 61,0 | 64,4 | 44,6 | 42,8 | 1,5 |
| serious | 22,4 | 23,2 | 21,6 | 34,8 | 27,8 | 40,8 |
| a threat to company’s stability | 5,1 | 9,1 | 6,3 | 12,7 | 15,2 | 55,9 |
| lack of negative effects | 7,3 | 6,7 | 7,7 | 7,9 | 14,2 | 1,8 |
|  |
| **2. Please, estimate what is the percentage of your employees (regardless of type of contract: employment contract, civil law agreement, self-employed, interns, agents etc.) who will be affected in the current month by each of the following situations:** |
| remote work and similar forms of work | 9,2 | 7,4 | 23,9 | 10,8 | 16,3 | 5,8 |
| unplanned absence due to holidays, childcare, looking after family member etc. | 3,5 | 5,6 | 4,7 | 4,7 | 4,6 | 10,4 |
| absence of employees resulting from quarantine or other restrictions | 2,6 | 6,4 | 2,9 | 3,9 | 4,0 | 6,6 |
|  |
| **3. What will be in the current month an estimated change (in percentage) in orders placed by customers on your company’s semi-finished products, raw materials, goods or services etc.?****Regardless of the reason for change and in comparison to the situation when there was no pandemic:** |
| change [%] | -3,5 | -10,8 | -5,6 | -7,4 | -14,0 | -39,7 |
|  |
| **4. If the current measures as well as restrictions taken by Polish public authorities (but also the ones resulting from actions of other countries, e.g. in the field of border traffic) to combat coronavirus functioning at the time of filling in the questionnaire persisted for a prolonged period, how many months could your enterprise survive?** |
| less than a month | 2,2 | 2,4 | 1,1 | 1,1 | 0,6 | 2,3 |
| circa 1 month | 4,0 | 5,1 | 5,3 | 3,8 | 4,3 | 11,6 |
| 2 – 3 months | 19,6 | 26,7 | 16,4 | 20,2 | 21,0 | 41,4 |
| 4 – 6 months | 20,5 | 23,0 | 21,8 | 22,3 | 15,8 | 26,4 |
| more than 6 months | 53,7 | 42,8 | 55,4 | 52,6 | 58,3 | 18,3 |

# Table 2. Survey data on impact of COVID-19 pandemic on business tendency (cont.)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Questions** | Manufacturing | Construction | Wholesale trade | Retailtrade | Transportation and storage | Accommodation and food service activities |
|  |
| **5. Out of negative effects of the coronavirus pandemic reported in the last three months (December, January, February), which of them relate to your company the most:** |
| drop in sales – drop in revenues | 40,1 | 42,5 | 49,3 | 60,4 | 50,5 | 94,1 |
| increase in costs | 47,3 | 53,2 | 38,1 | 41,1 | 44,2 | 22,3 |
| disruption in supply chain | 41,0 | 21,7 | 30,6 | 24,8 | 21,7 | 8,7 |
| large organisational disturbances in company’s functioning | 9,5 | 18,5 | 10,5 | 17,4 | 10,0 | 32,7 |
| limitation of business activity (“shutting down” activity) | 3,6 | 8,8 | 4,4 | 18,0 | 15,6 | 69,4 |
| lack of employees (quarantine, illness, carer’s leave) | 32,9 | 39,7 | 20,7 | 16,7 | 25,1 | 14,4 |
| problems with current financing | 8,1 | 19,2 | 10,1 | 12,1 | 12,3 | 34,1 |
| surplus stocks | 7,8 | 1,3 | 10,3 | 15,2 | 0,3 | 2,6 |
|  |
| **6. What will be in the current month an estimated change (in percentage) in level of employment in your company, with reference to the previous month?** |
| change [%] | 0,0 | -0,5 | -0,6 | -0,9 | -0,9 | -5,7 |

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In the case of quoting data from the Statistics Poland, please provide information: "Statistics Poland data source", and in the case of publishing calculations made on data published by the Statistics Poland, please provide information: "Own study based on Statistics Poland data".

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| Prepared by:**Macroeconomic Studies and Finance Statistics Department****Director Mirosław Błażej**Office: tel. (+48 22) 608 37 73 | Issued by:**The Spokesperson for the President****of Statistics Poland****Karolina Banaszek**Mobile: (+48) 695 255 011 |

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Press Office**Office: tel. (+4822) 608 34 91, 608 38 04 **e-mail:** **obslugaprasowa@stat.gov.pl** |  | www.stat.gov.pl/en/ |
|  | @StatPoland |
|  | @GlownyUrzadStatystyczny |



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**Related information**

[Business tendency in manufacturing, construction, trade and services](https://stat.gov.pl/en/topics/business-tendency/business-tendency/publikacja%2C1.html)

**Data available in databases**

[Knowledge Database Business Tendency](http://swaid.stat.gov.pl/en/SitePagesDBW/KoniunkturaGospodarcza.aspx)

[Macroeconomic Data Bank](https://bdm.stat.gov.pl/)

**Terms used in official statistics**

[Business tendency](https://stat.gov.pl/en/metainformations/glossary/terms-used-in-official-statistics/2076%2Cterm.html)

1. It means that the percentage of entrepreneurs expecting improvement of their entities’ economic situation in the next three months outweighs the percentage of entrepreneurs expecting its deterioration. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Time series does not require to be seasonally adjusted. Non-seasonally adjusted data can be analyzed and interpreted in the same way as seasonally adjusted data. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. Time series does not require to be seasonally adjusted. Non-seasonally adjusted data can be analyzed and interpreted in the same way as seasonally adjusted data. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)