

# Domestic deliveries and consumption of selected consumer goods per capita in 2023

30.08.2024



market compered with 2022

In 2023 domestic deliveries¹ of meat (including pork, beef, veal and poultry) amounted to 4460 thousand tonnes and were lower by 4.4% compared with the previous year. The deliveries of raw meat from animals for slaughter decreased (by 9.4%), while deliveries of poultry meat increased (by 3.0%).

### The domestic market supply of selected food goods

In 2023, deliveries of the following foodstuffs were significantly lower than in the previous year: variety meat products from poultry; meat and variety meat products from animals for slaughter; pure vodka; margarine and reduced and low fat spreads, pasta. In comparison with 2022, the deliveries of frozen sea fish; butter and dairy spreads; cheese and curd; chocolate and poultry meat were higher however. A slight increase was recorded in deliveries of mineral waters and soft drinks and also sugar.

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Table 1. Deliveries of selected food goods

Specification	Unit of	Deliveries				
Specification	measure	2022	2023	2022=100		
Meat total	thousand tonnes	4667	4460	95.6		
raw meat from animals for slaughter	thousand tonnes	2790	2527	90.6		
poultry meat	thousand tonnes	1877	1933	103.0		
Variety meat products from poultry	thousand tonnes	59.0	36.0	60.9		
Meat and variety meat products from animals for slaughter (tinned food, cured meat products and other products)	thousand tonnes	882	739	83.8		
Frozen sea fish	thousand tonnes	297	354	119.2		
Margarine and reduced and low fat spreads (excluding liquid margarine)	thousand tonnes	162	141	87.0		
Butter and dairy spreads	thousand tonnes	202	215	106.6		
Cheese and curd	thousand tonnes	818	853	104.3		
Wheat flour	thousand tonnes	2496	2484	99.5		
Rye flour	thousand tonnes	205	203	99.5		
Sugar	thousand tonnes	1621	1629	100.5		

In 2023 deliveries of the majority of presented foodstuffs were lower than in 2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Deliveries have been defined as quantity of products produced domestically (data concern economic entities employing more than 9 persons), reduced by their exports and enlarged by their imports and corrected by the balance of changes of stocks at producers (data concerns economic entities employing more than 49 persons).

Specification	Unit of	Deliveries				
	measure	2022	2023	2022=100		
Chocolate (including chocolates, chocolate products and white chocolate)	thousand tonnes	267	276	103.3		
Pasta	thousand tonnes	243	215	88.6		
Vodkas, liqueurs, other spirit beverages in terms of 100% alcohol	thousand hl	1391	1257	90.3		
of which pure vodka	thousand hl	866	740	85.4		
Wine and mead	thousand hl	2444	2218	90.8		
of which grape wine (including vermouth)	thousand hl	1719	1606	93.4		
Beer from malt (of an alcoholic strength of 0.5% and more)	thousand hl	35378	32751	92.6		
Mineral waters and soft drinks	thousand hl	73800	74758	101.3		

Table 2. Consumption<sup>2</sup> of selected consumer goods per capita

Specification	Unit of measure	2010	2015	2020	2021	2022	2023
Grain of 4 cereals (in terms of processed products) <sup>3</sup>	kg	108	103	102	101	103	106
Potatoes <sup>3</sup>	kg	110	100	94.3	94.8	94.2	94.7
Vegetables	kg	106	105	103	104	104	106
Fruit	kg	44	53	58	59	59	61
Animal edible fats	kg	6.3	5.8	6.0	6.3	6.7	5.24
Butter	kg	4.3	4.5	5.9	6.1	5.6	5.9 <sup>4</sup>
Cow's milk (including milk designated for processed products; excluding milk used in the production of butter)	l	189	213	246	251	262	2764
Hen eggs	unit	202	144	157	159	154	179
Sugar	kg	39.9	40.5	42.9	41.8	42.8	43.2
Vodkas. liqueurs. other spirit beverages in terms of 100% alcohol	l	3.2	3.2	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.4
Wine and mead	l	6.9	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.3	6.0
Beer from malt (of an alcoholic strength of 0.5% and more)	l	90.2	99.1	94.0	93.2	92.9	87.4

In 2023 a high increase in the consumption of hen eggs, butter and cow's milk was recorded. On the other hand, the consumption of animal edible fats and alcoholic beverages decreased

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data about consumption level was compiled using balance method: production enlarged by import, reduced by export, decreases and losses of agricultural products at producers' and in turnover including changes of stocks level. Besides, production of raw materials is diminished by their usage for production purposes. Consumption per capita is based on a number of population data for 30 June, in the period from 2020 adopted the population figures take into account the results of the National Population and Housing Census 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data concerns farming years i.e. period from 1 July of the previous year to 30 June of the given year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Preliminary data.

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# **Related information**

<u>Internal market in 2022</u>

# Data available in databases

Knowledge Databases – Internal market

# Terms used inn official statistics

Supply of selected goods

Consumption of selected foodstuffs